

VII Caucasus Mathematic Olympiad  
Maykop, March 11–16, 2022 year



Juniors. Day 2  
March 13

5. Let  $S$  be the set of all  $5^6$  positive integers, whose decimal representation consists of exactly 6 odd digits. Find the number of solutions  $(x, y, z)$  of the equation  $x + y = 10z$ , where  $x \in S$ ,  $y \in S$ ,  $z \in S$ .

6. 16 NHL teams in the first playoff round divided in pairs and to play series until 4 wins (thus the series could finish with score 4-0, 4-1, 4-2, or 4-3). After that 8 winners of the series play the second playoff round divided into 4 pairs to play series until 4 wins, and so on. After all the final round is over, it happens that  $k$  teams have non-negative balance of wins (for example, the team that won in the first round with a score of 4-2 and lost in the second with a score of 4-3 fits the condition: it has  $4 + 3 = 7$  wins and  $2 + 4 = 6$  losses). Find the least possible  $k$ .

7. Point  $P$  is chosen on the leg  $CB$  of right triangle  $ABC$  ( $\angle ACB = 90^\circ$ ). The line  $AP$  intersects the circumcircle of  $ABC$  at point  $Q$ . Let  $L$  be the midpoint of  $PB$ . Prove that  $QL$  is tangent to a fixed circle independent of the choice of point  $P$ .

8. Paul can write polynomial  $(x + 1)^n$ , expand and simplify it, and after that change every coefficient by its reciprocal. For example if  $n = 3$  Paul gets  $(x + 1)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$  and then  $x^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x + 1$ . Prove that Paul can choose  $n$  for which the sum of Paul's polynomial coefficients is less than 2.022.

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Seniors. Day 2  
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5. 16 NHL teams in the first playoff round divided in pairs and to play series until 4 wins (thus the series could finish with score 4-0, 4-1, 4-2, or 4-3). After that 8 winners of the series play the second playoff round divided into 4 pairs to play series until 4 wins, and so on. After all the final round is over, it happens that  $k$  teams have non-negative balance of wins (for example, the team that won in the first round with a score of 4-2 and lost in the second with a score of 4-3 fits the condition: it has  $4 + 3 = 7$  wins and  $2 + 4 = 6$  losses). Find the least possible  $k$ .

6. Let  $ABC$  be an acute triangle. Let  $P$  be a point on the circle  $(ABC)$ , and  $Q$  be a point on the segment  $AC$  such that  $AP \perp BC$  and  $BQ \perp AC$ . Let  $O$  be the circumcenter of triangle  $APQ$ . Find the angle  $OBC$ .

7. Paul can write polynomial  $(x + 1)^n$ , expand and simplify it, and after that change every coefficient by its reciprocal. For example if  $n = 3$  Paul gets  $(x + 1)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$  and then  $x^3 + \frac{1}{3}x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x + 1$ . Prove that Paul can choose  $n$  for which the sum of Paul's polynomial coefficients is less than 2.022.

8. There are  $n > 2022$  cities in the country. Some pairs of cities are connected with straight two-ways airlines. Call the set of the cities *unlucky*, if it is impossible to color the airlines between them in two colors without monochromatic triangle (i.e. three cities  $A, B, C$  with the airlines  $AB, AC$  and  $BC$  of the same color).

The set containing all the cities is unlucky. Is there always an unlucky set containing exactly 2022 cities?